

## Bifurcation of Positive and Negative Continua for Quasilinear ODE Involving Nonlinearities Depending on Derivative

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### Abstract

Let us consider boundary value problem

$$\begin{cases} -(|u'|^{p-2}u')' = \lambda|u|^{p-2}u + g(\lambda; x, u, u'), \\ u(0) = u(1) = 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $p > 1$  and  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$  are parameters, and  $g(\lambda, x, u, u')$  is Carathéodory function such that there exists  $a(x) \in L^\infty(0, 1)$  which satisfies  $|g(\lambda, x, u, u')| \leq a(x)$ . We study a bifurcation phenomena for  $\lambda$  near  $\mu_1$  which is the first eigenvalue of the problem

$$\begin{cases} -(|u'|^{p-2}u')' = \mu|u|^{p-2}u \\ u(0) = u(1) = 0. \end{cases}$$

We show that Dancer's type bifurcation from the infinity occurs for  $\lambda = \mu_1$ .